PALICOUREA ALKALOIDS: THE STRUCTURE OF PALININE

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Prompted by reports of the anti-tumor activity of <u>Palicourea</u> species¹ and the isolation of alkaloids of unknown structures², <u>Palicourea alpina</u>^{*} (Sw.) DC (Rubiaceae) was extracted for alkaloids. Counter-current separation yielded in addition to harman, a new alkaloid, which we have named palinine, m.p. 166.5 - 168° C, $[\alpha]_{D}^{28}$ - 252.3^o (MeOH) and which analysed for $C_{27}H_{32}N_{2}O_{10}$. We now report evidence supporting the β -carboline glycosidic structure (1a).



la: R=H lb: R=Ac

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D-Glucose was obtained following hydrolysis by β -glucosidase, while the UV, $\lambda_{max}^{\text{EtOH}}$ (log ϵ): 236.5(4.62), 290.5(4.20), 349(3.61) nm, which showed a bathochomic shift in acid was supporting evidence for a carbolinium system very similar to that of harman³. Acetic anhydride/pyridine acetylation yielded a penta-acetate (NMR evidence), which when purified on silica gave a tetraacetate, C₃₅H₄₀N₂O₁₄ (lb), IR(CCl₄), 3215(NH), 2933(OH), 1748, 1235(OAc), 1686(CO) cm^{-1*} . The NMR of the tetra-acetate in CDCl₃ showed exchangeable protons at & 10.28 (NH) and 2.25 (OH). The other protons could be assigned as follows: δ 8.30 (J_{5,6} = 5.5 Hz; H-5), 7.83 (J_{6,5} = 5.5 Hz; H-6), 8.15 (J_{9,10} = 7.5 Hz, $J_{9,11} \sim 2$ Hz; H-9), 7.45 \rightarrow 7.70(H-10 + H-12), 7.29 (H-11), 3.2 - 3.7 (H-14a + H-14b), 1.7(H-15) ~3.10(H-16), ~ 5.10(H-17), 4.8 → 5.3(H-18a + H-18b), 5.6 \rightarrow 6.23 (6 lines, J_{18a,19} = 17.5 Hz, J_{18b-19} = 9.5 Hz; H-19), 2.65(m; H-20), 5.45(d, $J_{20,21} = 5.5$ Hz, H-21), 4.8 \rightarrow 5.20(H-1 \rightarrow H-4), 3.78(H-5'), 4.20(H-6'), 1.97, 2.01, 2.10(4 Ac groups) and a methoxycarbonyl group at 6 3.85. High resolution MS studies indicated a facile loss of H_O to yield the ion m/e 694 (2), and some of the fragmentations observed are tabulated on the following page.



*Shift of the carbonyl to 1730 cm^{-1} in a 0.005M(CCl₄) solution indicated intermolecular hydrogen bonding.

TABLE*

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	<u>m/e</u>	Found	Formula	Calc.
M-H20	694	694.2433	C ₃₅ H ₃₈ N ₂ O ₁₃	694.2369
M-(H20 + -CO	СН ₃) 651	651.2161	C ₃₃ H ₃₅ N ₂ O ₁₂	651.2186
M-(H20 + -CO	осн ₃) 635	635.2202	C ₃₃ H ₃₅ N ₂ O ₁₁	635.2239
Cleavage a	363	363.1340	C ₂₁ H ₁₉ N ₂ O ₄	363.1343
	347 Ac	347.1370	^C 21 ^H 19 ^N 2 ^O 3	347.1394
Ac O Ac	331	331.1023	^C 14 ^H 19 ^O 9	331.1027
Oxonium ion				
Cleavage c	319	319.1397	^C 20 ^H 19 ^N 2 ^O 2	319.1446
" đ	294	294.1020	C ₁₇ H ₁₄ N ₂ O ₃	294.1003
"е	278	278.0994	$C_{17}H_{14}N_{2}O_{2}$	278.1054
" f	182	182.0831	C ₁₂ H ₁₀ N ₂	182.0843
	181	181.0760	C ₁₂ H ₉ N ₂	181.0765
Further cleave	age (¹⁶⁹	169.0486	с ₈ н ₉ 0 ₄	169.0500
of oxonium ion	n 331 (127	127.0413	с _{6^н7⁰3}	127.0394
	(109	109.0300	°6 ^{H50} 2	109.0289
CH OC	165	165.0532	с ₉ н ₉ о ₃	165.0551.

Pyrylium ion

*These data were obtained on an AEI MS 902 instrument having a computer attachment, while a preliminary low resolution spectrum was obtained from an ATLAS CH 4-B MS instrument. A minor alkaloid, palidimine, has also been isolated from <u>P</u>. <u>alpina</u>, and preliminary studies indicate that this dimeric alkaloid contains palinine as one of its units.

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